History of Cookbooks

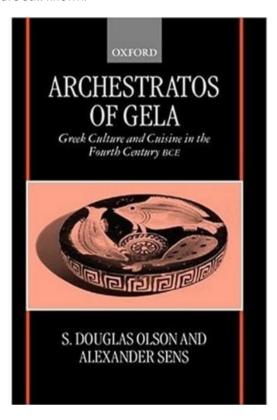
Taco Hoekwater

Introduction

Cookbooks as we know them, with detailed instructions, ingredient list, and illustrations, are a fairly modern invention. This paper presents some famous cookbooks from history, starting at ancient greece and ending with internet-based modern approaches.

The Life of Luxury

Archestratus was a Greek writer and traveller who lived in the 4th century BCE. Coming from Sicily (then a greek colony) he travelled throughout the mediterrean. He wrote a poem called 'Hedypatheia' (meaning 'Pleasant Living' or 'Life of Luxury'). The original of the poem is lost, but luckily parts of it were quoted in another ancient work, and so some 60 verses are still known.



Here is a small sample:

"But I say to hell with saperde, a Pontic dish,

And those who praise it. For few people

Know which food is wretched and which is excellent. But get a mackerel on the third day, before it goes into salt water

Within a transport jar as a piece of recently cured, half-salted fish.

And if you come to the holy city of famous Byzantion,
I urge you again to eat a steak of peak-season tuna;
for it is very good and soft."

Archestratus, fragment 39. Olson and Sens translation.

Apicius, a.k.a. 'De re coquinaria'

Whereas 'Life of Luxury' seems to have been more of travel guide, the roman recipe collection known as 'Apicius' is actually intended to be used while cooking.



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Compiled around the start of 5th century, it is a collection of ten books on various topics related to food and cooking. There are actual recipes, although not quite the way we are used to them. An example:

"ANOTHER LAMB STEW – put kid or lamb in the stew pot with chopped onion and coriander. crush pepper, lovage, cumin, and cook with broth oil and wine. put in a dish and tie with roux."

Apicius, translation from Project Gutenberg

This recipe is consise almost to the point of uselessness, but that is a common problem with historical cookbooks: for most of their history, cookbooks were written by professional cooks for professional cooks (working for royalty and popes). Helpful information for amateur cooks like cooking times and ingredient amounts are missing.

Book of Dishes - al-Warrāg

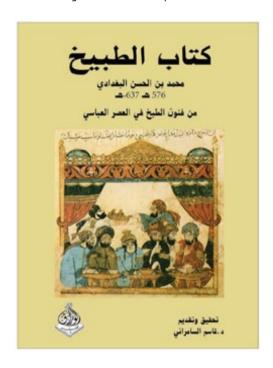
After the disintegration of the Roman Empire, European interest in cookbooks became nearly nonexistent for centuries. As the cookbooks of the time were very much a 'haute cuisine' affair, a certain level of cultural prosperity was a prerequisite to new books being written. This was the case in the Arabic world, and two famous books come from that background.

First there is Kitab al-Tabikh ('The Book of Dishes'), composed in the 10th century by Ibn Sayyar al-Warraq. Some of the recipes in this collection are as terse as the earlier example, but most are fairly elaborate, e.g. mentioning amounts for ingredient spices. In 2007, Brill published an English translation by Nawal Nasrallah under the title 'Annals of the Caliphs' Kitchens – Ibn Sayyār al-Warrāq's Tenth-Century Baghdadi Cookbook'.

Book of Dishes - al-Baghdadi

The second Arabic'Book of Dishes' was compiled by Muammad bin Hasan al-Baghdadi, in 1226. Besides that information and the cover image below, I could not find a lot of information about this book. I suspect that is mostly because the 2007 edition of the *other* Book of Dishes pops up in every internet search that includes English

language text ...but I do not understand enough Arabic to get around that problem.



Liber de Coquina

At the end of the 'middle ages', European culture once again reached a high enough level that there was interest in cookbooks. One of the first is a collection from the early 14th century named 'Liber de Coquina'. There are actually two parts: 'Tractatus' (part 1) and 'Liber de Coquina' (part 2). Both parts are written in (medieval) latin.



It is interesting that while the text in the Arabic collections was often quite detailed, this is not the case in the European manuscripts. Lots of attention is given to the look of the manuscripts, but the recipes themselves are very terse.

Le Viandier

This book is generally considered to be the start of the 'French Cuisine'. It was compiled in the early 14th century by a French author and chef Guillaume Tirel. Note the use of 'compiled' in the previous sentence: plagiarization was quite normal in these times. In fact the first known (but incomplete) manuscript containing this collection is older than Tirel.



Das Buoch von guoter Spise

Much like 'Le Viandier' was the first 'French' cookbook, 'Das Buoch von guoter Spise' was the first 'German' cookbook.



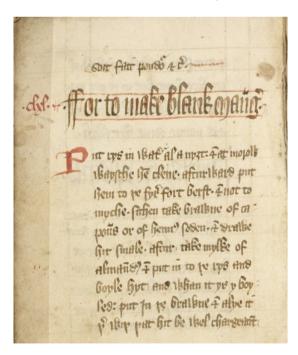
A sample recipe (for apple sauce):

"69. Ein apfelmus

Wilt du machen ein apfelmus. so nim schöne epfele und schele sie. und snide sie in ein kalt wazzer. und süde sie in einem haufen. und menge sie mit wine und mit smaltze und ze slahe eyer mit wiz und mit al. und tu daz dor zu. und daz ist gar ein gut fülle. und versaltz niht."

Forme of Cury

With a French and a German listing, there should be an English one as well;) The 'Forme of Cury' in a compilation by 'the chief Master Cooks of King Richard II'. The text is in Middle English and it dates to the end of the 14th century.

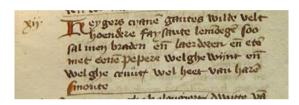


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"For to Make Blank Maunger
Put rys in water al a nyzt and at morowe
waisshe hem clene, afterward put
hem to be fyre fort berst & not to
myche. ssithen take brawn of Ca
pouns, or of hennes. soden & drawe
it smale. after take mylke of
Almandes. and put in to be Ryys &
boile it. and whan it is yboi
led put in be brawn & alye it
berwith. bat it be wel chargeaunt"

Wel ende edelijke spijse

This is a Dutch cookbook from the second half of the 15th century.



"Reygers cranen gantes wilde velt hoendere faysante lemmoegen soo sal men braden ende laerderen ende eten met eenen pepere wel ghewijnt ende wel ghecruut wel heet van haren smoute"

Translated in English:

"Herons, cranes, geese, wild partridges, pheasants, pheasants (a variety)
Roast them and lard them, and eat them with a pepper [sauce] with enough wine and spices, very hot from their fat."

De honesta voluptate et valetudine

This Italian book ('On honourable pleasure and health') from 1474 has the honour of being the first 'printed' cookbook. The publisher / composer is Bartolomeo Sacchi (a.k.a Platina), but it is mostly based on earlier work by Maestro Martino of Como. It became widely popular and had a big influence on the Italian cooking tradition.



Een notabel boecxken van cokeryen

A book called 'A notable little cookery book' became the first printed Dutch cookbook (not a very important book in the great scheme of things, but hey, I am Dutch). Printed in 1514 in Brussels by Thomas vander Noot, who may or may not be the author as well.



Opera dell'arte del cucinare

Bartolomeo Scappi was the Italian Renaissance chef of pop Pius IV and V. The 'Works of Art of Cooking' is a masterpiece of six books containing more than a thousand recipes as well as explanations of techniques and giving helpful hints about all aspects of cooking. Big selling feature of his books were the beautiful illustrations.



Le Cuisinier roïal et bourgeois

Since the advent of printing (and generally, the end of the middle ages), there was a rising market for cookbooks. An important example from this period is 'The royal and bourgeois cook' by François Massialot. Published in 1691, it was the first cookbook to contain an alphabetic recipe list. Before then, recipes were typically only grouped in categories, without any means of quickly finding a particular recipe.

CUISINIER ROÏAL

BOURGEOIS;

Qui APPREND A ORDONNER TOUTE forte de Repas en gras & en maigre, & la meilleure maniere des Ragoûts les plus delicats & les plus à la mode.

Ouvrage tres utile dans les Familles, & fingulierement necessaire à tous Maîtres d'Hôtels, & Ecuiers de Cuisine.

Nouvelle Edition, revûë, corrigée & beaucoup augmentée, avec des Figures.



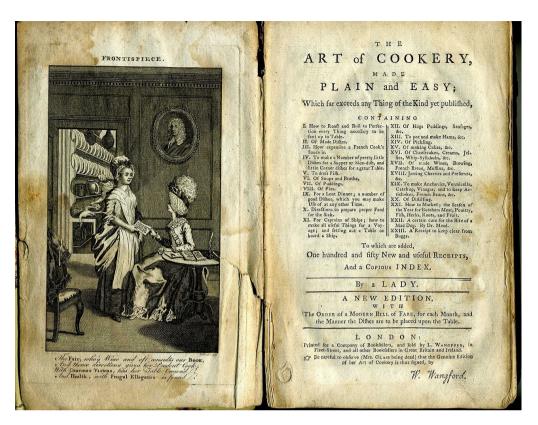
A PARIS,

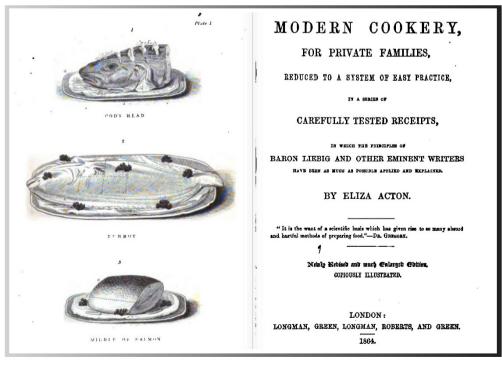
Chez CLAUDE PRUDHOMMA, au Palais, au fixiéme Pilier de la Grand' Sale, vis-à-vis la Montée de la Cour des Aides, à la Bonne-Foi couronnée.

> M. DCCV. AVEC PRIVILEGE DU ROT.

The Art of Cookery Made Plain and Easy

All cookbooks listed so far have been aimed at professional chefs. One the most famous English cookbooks from the 18th century changes that. Hannah Glasse writes recipes specifically for the servant cooks of her well-to-do buyers (these servants could probably not afford her book). First published in 1747, 'The Art of Cookery Made Plain and Easy' was a big success. Besides the simple language, she also worked to be practical (read: economical) in the choice of ingredients. Combined, this made the book very popular in the North-American colonies.

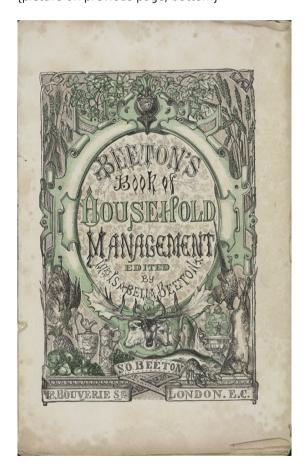




Modern Cookery for Private Families

Hannah Glasse may have been more accessible than most cookbook authors until then, but she was still a chef writing for other chefs. Less educated chefs, but still cooking professionals. Eliza Acton's book steps away from that. 'Modern Cookery for Private Families' was published in 1845, well after the industrial revolution, and aims specifically at housewives. This audience change necessitated the need for the inclusion of exact quantities and cooking times, and made it become one of the first 'modern' cookbooks.

(picture on previous page, bottom)



Mrs Beeton's Book of Household Management

Whereas Eliza Acton's book had a lot of real innovation, its publishing house seems to have missed out on the marketing side of things. Be-

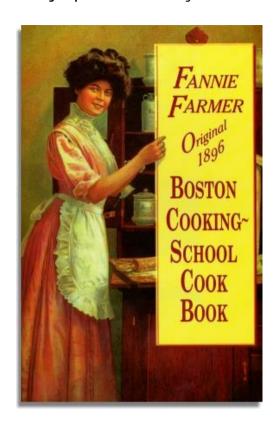
cause Isabella Beeton's 'Mrs Beeton's Book of Household Management' was to become known as *the* victorian cookbook. Published in 1861, it is essentially a collection of plagiarized recipes (including lots of recipes from Eliza Acton's book). What it did have: really nice illustrations, and lots of them.



Boston Cooking School Cook Book

Fannie Farmer's cookbook is the first American contribution to this list. It was published in 1896, by the school principal of the Boston Cooking School. The keyword for this book: standardization. The modern American measuring system of cups and spoonfuls was introduced in this book.

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It was also the fist widely used book that used a bullet list presentation for the ingredients, completely separate from the processing instructions that followed below that list.

Brownies.

1/3 cup butter.
1/3 cup powdered sugar.

1 egg well beaten. . % cup bread flour.

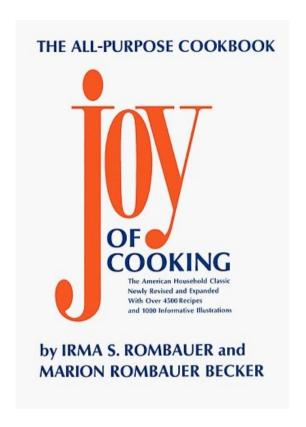
½ cup Porto Rico molasses. 1 cup pecan meat cut in pieces.

Mix ingredients in order given. Bake in small, shallow

Mix ingredients in order given. Bake in small, shallow fancy cake tins, garnishing top of each cake with onehalf pecan.

The Joy of Cooking

Entering the 20th century, Irma S. Rombauer's 'The Joy of Cooking' was published in 1931. This is the first book of in this article that I was familiar with even before I got interested in the history of cookbooks. In particular, I remember this cover (of a seventies edition) from the English language section of various book sales that I visited as a small boy.

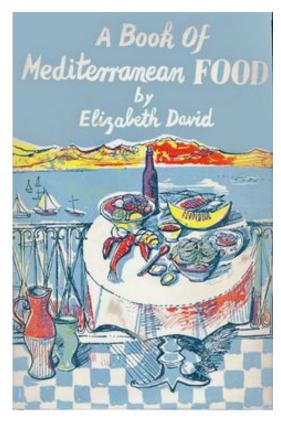


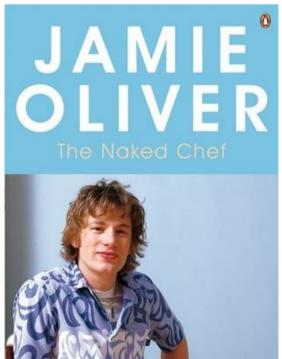
A Book of Mediterranean Food

This book is perhaps a bit of a surprise. By Elizabeth David, published in 1950, after her return from the mediterranean to England a few years after WWII. Interesting points about this book: it had 'mood pictures' (black and white engravings of mediterranean scenes) and it targeted a specific foreign food culture exclusively.

The Naked Chef

The second half of the 20th century had lots of nice cookbooks, because cheaper printing costs allowed for glossy books with full colour images at a reasonable price. But nothing had as much impact as Jamie Oliver's 'The Naked Chef', which came out in 1999. The BBC television programme of the same name made Jamie Oliver a celebrity overnight, and he has now written over a dozen well-selling cookbooks.





Allrecipes.com

Modern people do not use cookbooks any more. No, they use the bookstand in the kitchen to hold our ipad while we look at allrecipes.com for a recipe. Sometimes with video to explain the process. Originally just a website, Allrecipes is now also a magazine, a youtube channel, a set of online helper apps (like a kitchen timer), and a set of mobile applications.



Recipe Fiddle

If you prefer to have an actual cookbook generated *for*| you, you can try 'Recipe fiddle' by David Jarvis. This is a website that can generate a personalized cookbook for you, using ConT_EXt to do the typesetting. Currently in beta.

Recipe Fiddle





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